A PROPOSAL TO DEFINITIVELY DETERMINE THE CONTRIBUTION OF MULTIPLE PHOTON EXCHANGE IN ELASTIC LEPTON-NUCLEON SCATTERING

THE OLYMPUS COLLABORATION

Arizona State University, USA DESY,Hamburg, Germany Hampton University, USA INFN, Bari, Italy INFN, Ferrara, Italy INFN, Ferrara, Italy Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA St. Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Russia Universität Bonn, Germany Universität Bonn, Germany Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg, Germany University of Glasgow, United Kingdom University of Kentucky, USA Universität Mainz, Germany University of New Hampshire, USA

Elastic Electron Scattering from the Proton



Dirac, Pauli FF: $\langle N(P') | J_{\text{EM}}^{\mu}(0) | N(P) \rangle =$ $\bar{u}(P') \left[\gamma^{\mu} F_1^N(Q^2) + i \sigma^{\mu\nu} \frac{q_{\nu}}{2M} F_2^N(Q^2) \right] u(P)$ Sachs FF: $G_E = F_1 - \tau F_2; \quad G_M = F_1 + F_2, \quad \tau = \frac{Q^2}{4M^2}$

e+ vs. e-:

$$\sigma(e^{\pm}) = \sigma_{Born}(1 \mp \delta_{2\gamma})$$

$$R = \frac{\sigma(e^+)}{\sigma(e^-)} \approx 1 - 2\delta_{2\gamma}$$

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Proton Form Factor Ratio



- All Rosenbluth data from SLAC and Jlab in agreement.
- Dramatic discrepancy between Rosenbluth and Jlab recoil polarization technique
- Discrepancy interpreted as evidence of multiple exchange contribution

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Proposed OLYMPUS Experiment

- Electrons/positrons (100mA) in multi-GeV storage ring DORIS at DESY, Hamburg, Germany
- Unpolarized internal hydrogen target (like HERMES) 3 x 10^{15} at/cm² @ 100 mA \rightarrow L = 2x10³³ / (cm²s) at location of ARGUS experiment
- Measure elastic e⁺/e⁻ proton scattering to 1% precision at 2 GeV energy at Q² ~ 0.6-2.4 (GeV/c)² using the existing Bates Large Acceptance Spectrometer Toroid
- Experiment requires switching from e⁺ beam to e⁻ beam on timescale of ≤ 1 day.
- Redundant monitoring of luminosity, pressure, temperature, flow, current measurements - at small scattering angle and low Q²

Detector and target exist at MIT-Bates



BLAST at **ARGUS** location





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Luminosity monitor





- Luminosity will be monitored by detecting forward e+/ein a position sensitive detector in coincidence with the recoil proton detected in BLAST
- Package of three planar triple-GEM detectors
- Such detectors have been constructed at MIT and successfully tested at Fermilab

Projected OLYMPUS results



500 hours of data taking for each of e+ and e- at 2 GeV

Control of systematics

$$N_{ij} = L_{ij}\sigma_i\kappa^p_{ij}\kappa^l_{ij}$$
 i = e+ or e-
j= pos/neg polarity of BLAST field

Geometric proton efficiency:

$$\kappa^p_{\mathbf{e}^+ j} = \kappa^p_{\mathbf{e}^- j}$$



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Control of systematics (contd.)

Super ratio:

$$\left[\frac{N_{\rm e^++}/L_{\rm e^++}}{N_{\rm e^-+}/L_{\rm e^-+}} \cdot \frac{N_{\rm e^+-}/L_{\rm e^+-}}{N_{\rm e^--}/L_{\rm e^--}}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\sigma_{\rm e^+}}{\sigma_{\rm e^-}}$$

Cycle of four states ij Repeat cycle many times

- Change between electrons and positrons regularly
- Change BLAST polarity every day
- Left-right symmetry provides additional redundancy two identical experiments simultaneously taking data

The OLYMPUS Collaboration

- Collaboration of more than 50 physicists from 15 institutions in Germany, Italy, Russia, U.K. and U.S.
- Substantial technical expertise in successfully carrying out internal target experiments at storage rings
- Significant fraction of the OLYMPUS collaboration has been working at DESY on the HERMES experiment
- Collaboration sees a window in the period 2009 to 2012 to carry out the definitive experiment.

Budget

EQUIPMENT	COST
	k\$
target	450
BLAST toroid shipping	500
luminosity monitor	120
trigger electronics	80
wire chamber upgrade	75
on-line system	70

- Equipment: > \$ 5 million existing + \$ 1.3 million
- DORIS modifications: Euro 728 k
- DORIS power costs: Euro 450 k
- OLYMPUS operating costs: Euro 160k/month

Possible timescale

- From approval of funding, it will take ~ 1 year to design, construct and transfer to DESY the necessary equipment.
- If requested funding is approved in ~ Spring 2009, then the OLYMPUS experiment could be installed in summer 2010.
- Pending green light from DESY, requests to the funding agencies will be submitted in Fall 2008
- Commissioning would be carried out in parallel with light source operation.
- Data taking could be carried out in 2011-2012.
- Analysis is straightforward final results will be obtained essentially online.

Summary

- The elastic form-factors of the proton are in question the contribution of multiple photon exchange processes is essential to resolving the discrepancy.
- A <u>definitive</u>, precision comparison (~ 1%) of elastic electron-proton and positron-proton elastic scattering at 2 GeV can be carried out at DORIS using the available MIT-BLAST detector and an unpolarized hydrogen gas target.
- The OLYMPUS collaboration requests approval from DESY to proceed with the experiment in a timely manner.